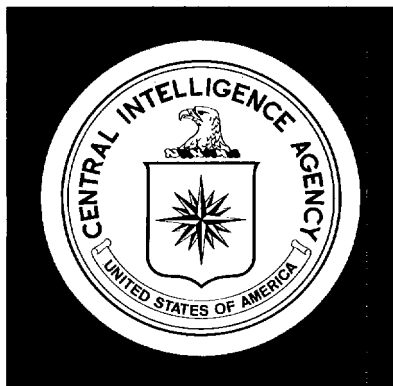


Secret

25X1



Central Intelligence Bulletin

Secret

Nº 040

7 May 1973

25X1

Approved For Release 2003/08/27 : CIA-RDP79T00975A024400040001-6

Approved For Release 2003/08/27 : CIA-RDP79T00975A024400040001-6

SECRET

25X1



No. 0109/73
7 May 1973

Central Intelligence Bulletin

CONTENTS

LEBANON: A third cease-fire agreement. (Page 1)

MEXICO: Government will pay new ransom demand of \$80,000, in addition to meeting other terms for US consul general's release. (Page 2)

SECRET

SECRET

LEBANON: Further outbreaks of fighting in southeastern Lebanon late on 4 May and again the following day have led to a third cease-fire agreement, to which both sides have generally adhered. Beirut has been quiet since an earlier truce was agreed to at dawn on 4 May. The capital has received a steady flow of mediators from other Arab states to assist in working out a new government-fedayeen modus vivendi.

The conflict has highlighted a dilemma for each side. The government, although reluctant to face a full confrontation with the fedayeen, is unwilling to allow armed fedayeen the run of its cities. It will probably press for tighter controls over the commandos, even though it will be under pressure from the other Arab states to ease its policy toward the Palestinians. The fedayeen, on the other hand, are apparently divided on their strategy. Fatah leader Yasir Arafat's actions have indicated that he wants to avoid provoking a confrontation, apparently because he fears his control over the fedayeen movement might be weakened and because he hopes that a forthcoming attitude on his part will dissuade the Lebanese from imposing new restrictions on the fedayeen. Others in the movement, however, are pressing for a return to the arrangement of 1969, which allowed the fedayeen relative freedom of movement throughout the country.

The negotiations are therefore likely to continue for some time. Although the violence appears to have abated, the differences among the fedayeen and between them and the government are such that lasting accommodation is unlikely.

25X1

7 May 73

Central Intelligence Bulletin

1

SECRET

SECRET

MEXICO: (The government will pay an \$80,000 ransom, in addition to meeting an earlier demand by flying 30 prisoners to Cuba, to gain the release of US Consul General Leonhardy.)

The prisoner list gives few clues as to the identity of the kidnapers, who went under the name of the "Peoples Revolutionary Armed Forces." Mexican security officials believe that a guerrilla family with a long history of leftist agitation or a bank-robbing group to which five of the prisoners belonged may have been behind the abduction. Another possibility, according to the official, is Lucio Cabanas' group. This group, which recently executed a kidnap victim and last summer ambushed army troops, normally operates in mountains northwest of Acapulco, but is thought to have support networks elsewhere.

President Echeverria, by complying with the kidnapers' demands, has followed his government's policy of making all reasonable efforts to accede to terrorist demands when lives are at stake. Echeverria is reported to be very concerned over the incident, which he considers to be a "blow below the belt" to his efforts to conciliate students, leftists, and other alienated sectors of Mexican society. The kidnaping is also embarrassing to the government because Secretary of State Rogers is scheduled to visit Mexico City next week.



25X1

7 May 73

Central Intelligence Bulletin

2

SECRET

Approved For Release 2003/08/27 : CIA-RDP79T00975A024400040001-6

Secret

Secret

Approved For Release 2003/08/27 : CIA-RDP79T00975A024400040001-6